



COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO

AGENDA ITEM

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

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First District

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Second District

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Third District

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Fourth District

JIM DESMOND
Fifth District

DATE: June 24, 2026

04

TO: Board of Supervisors

SUBJECT

LOCAL EMERGENCY REVIEW: PROCLAMATION OF LOCAL EMERGENCY FOR U.S.-MEXICO TRANSBOUNDARY POLLUTION ENVIRONMENTAL CRISIS AND RELATED CEQA EXEMPTION (DISTRICTS: ALL)

OVERVIEW

On June 27, 2023 (16), the County of San Diego (County) Board of Supervisors (Board), issued a Proclamation of Local Emergency (Proclamation) as a result of the continued conditions for detrimental impacts to the environment, economy, and property within San Diego county, caused by persistent impacts from cross-border sewage pollution and sewage impacted ocean waters. The Proclamation was issued pursuant to the San Diego County Code of Regulatory Ordinances sections 31.101 et seq. and California Government Code section 8630. The Proclamation further asked the Governor to proclaim a State of Emergency in San Diego County. Government Code section 8630(c) requires local governing bodies to review the need for continuing the local emergency at least once every 60 days until the local emergency is terminated.

On July 19, 2023 (4), September 13, 2023 (3), November 8, 2023 (2), December 6, 2023 (2), January 24, 2024 (1), March 13, 2024 (3), May 1, 2024 (4), June 26, 2024 (4), July 17, 2024 (6), September 11, 2024 (3), October 22, 2024 (9), December 11, 2024 (1), January 29, 2025 (2), March 12, 2025 (2), May 07, 2025 (2), June 25, 2025 (4), July 22, 2025 (4), September 10 (1), November 5, 2025 (2), December 10, 2025 (2), January 28, 2026 (3), March 25, 2026 (8), and May 20, 2026 (3) the Board found that there is a continuing need for the local emergency. This is a request to find that a review of the local emergency has been conducted and that the local emergency will remain in effect.

RECOMMENDATION(S)

CHIEF ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER

1. Find that the proclamation of local emergency is not subject to review under the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) pursuant to CEQA Guidelines sections 15060(c)(2) and (3), 15061(b)(3), and 15378(b)(4)&(5) because the action is an administrative action intended to facilitate state and federal funding, does not commit the County to a specific project, and will not have a reasonably foreseeable direct or indirect effect on the environment.

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2. Find that there is a need to continue the local emergency and that the local emergency shall continue subject to review requirements until terminated pursuant to Government Code section 8630(d).

EQUITY IMPACT STATEMENT

The communities closest to the San Diego International Border, including the communities of Imperial Beach, San Ysidro, Otay Mesa, and Tijuana River Valley are identified by SB 535 (2012) and CalEnviroScreen 4.0 as being Environmental Justice communities having high pollution burdens for impaired water bodies, elevated PM2.5, elevated linguistic isolation, and poverty rates. By supporting the local emergency proclamation, the County of San Diego remains committed to working with local, state, federal, and Mexican authorities to improve conditions for these communities. Local Environmental Justice communities who have decades of suffering from various pollution sources have been advocating and working to raise their concerns to the various agencies, and have engaged to elevate the need for data collection to document environmental injustices.

SUSTAINABILITY IMPACT STATEMENT

This action letter aligns with the County of San Diego's (County) Sustainability Goals: protect health and wellbeing and the environment. The proposed action contributes to the County's Sustainability Goal No. 6 to protect the environment and promote our natural resources, diverse habitats, and cultivate a natural environment for residents, visitors, and future generations to enjoy.

FISCAL IMPACT

There is no fiscal impact associated with this request to continue the emergency. There will be no change in net General Fund costs and no additional staff years.

BUSINESS IMPACT STATEMENT

Increased beach water closures resulting from sewage impacts have a direct effect for the surrounding community due to decreased tourism, patronage of local businesses, and opportunities for youth recreation and camps. By continuing a local emergency, the County of San Diego will be able to engage businesses and non-profit service providers that have been impacted by the restricted access to local beaches and oceans with the goal of assisting in identifying ways to connect them to any state or federal relief programs.

ADVISORY BOARD STATEMENT

N/A

BACKGROUND

Pollutants, such as trash and raw sewage, flow into the Tijuana River when it rains, which then moves across the border into the Tijuana River Valley. Additional raw sewage from wastewater plants with failing infrastructure across the border is discharged into the ocean and causes impacts to water quality in San Diego, especially when there is a south swell and ocean currents push north.

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Since January 2023, beach water contact closures have been in effect in Imperial Beach for over 91% of the time, while in Coronado, they have been in effect for over 38% of the time, due in large part to millions of gallons of sewage per day that is being spilled into our oceans from the Tijuana River and wastewater plants across the border. Heavy rainfall experienced in 2023 and early 2024 resulted in increased wastewater discharges, wastewater infrastructure failures, and additional runoff and flows from the Tijuana River and south swells, creating increased sewage impact to south county beaches, resulting in excessive beach water contact closures.

On June 27, 2023 (16), the County of San Diego (County) Board of Supervisors (Board) issued a Proclamation of Local Emergency (Proclamation) as a result of the continued conditions for detrimental impacts to the environment, economy, and property within San Diego county, caused by persistent impacts from cross-border sewage pollution and sewage impacted ocean waters. The Proclamation was issued pursuant to the San Diego County Code of Regulatory Ordinances sections 31.101 et seq. and California Government Code section 8630. The Proclamation of Local Emergency Transboundary Contamination can be found in Attachment B.

Continuation of Local Emergency for U.S.-Mexico Transboundary Pollution Environmental Crisis
Government Code section 8630(c) requires review of the local emergency by the Board at least once every 60 days until the local emergency is terminated. On July 19, 2023 (4), September 13, 2023 (3) November 8, 2023 (2), December 6, 2023 (2), January 24, 2024 (1), March 13, 2024 (3), May 01, 2024 (4), June 26, 2024 (4), July 17, 2024 (6), September 11, 2024 (3), October 22, 2024 (09), December 11, 2024 (1), January 29, 2025 (2), March 12, 2025 (2), May 07, 2025 (2), June 26, 2025 (4) ,July 22, 2024 (4), September 10 (1), November 5, 2025 (2), December 10, 2026 (2), January 28, 2026 (3), March 25, 2026 (08), and May 20, 2026 (3) the Board found that there is a continuing need for the local emergency. This is a request to continue the local emergency until no longer needed, subject to the review provisions of California Government Code section 8630(c).

There is a need to continue the local emergency because San Diego county communities continue to have environmental and economic impacts from the transboundary sewage flows. Over 100 billion gallons of sewage has impacted our water since 2018. From December 28, 2022, through May 27, 2026, over 107.57 billion gallons of flow crossed the international border per the International Boundary and Water Commission. From December 8, 2021 through May 27, 2026, the most southern beach in the region, the TJ Slough, has been closed for 1,630 days due to the poor water quality. On October 12, 2025, the beach water closure for the Tijuana Slough Shoreline was temporarily lifted for one day but closed the very next day. The beach water closure has remained in effect since that day. The ongoing sewage crisis has had impacts on the region's tourism-dependent economy and U.S. military preparedness. Further information regarding the basis for the state of emergency can be found in Attachment A.

When there are known sewage impacts to ocean waters, state law requires the County to issue water contact closures. Between January 1, 2023, to May 27, 2026, Imperial Beach locations have

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been impacted by sewage and under closure for 1,133 of 1,242 days, Silver Strand closed for 868 of 1,242 days, and Coronado shoreline closed for 480 of 1,242 days. Droplet digital polymerase chain reaction (ddPCR) testing provides same day results of daily sampling occurring in the south county that is used to determine when the water is safe again and take beach management actions to reopen the water for recreation.

Economic Impacts

San Diego's south county beaches help to create jobs, attract tourism, and provide economic opportunity to local business and communities. When ocean waters at the beaches are closed due to sewage impacts or under advisory or warning due to high bacteria levels, there are negative impacts to small businesses and the local economy. There are also impacts to families who work and have children who attend school in south county. The pollution crisis has negatively impacted enrollment in the South Bay Unified School District, which has led to discussions about future school closures. On January 19, 2024, County staff submitted a report back to the Board of Supervisors outlining economic impacts resulting from the U.S.-Mexico border transboundary pollution environmental crisis. This report included a summary of a County-led survey on the economic impacts resulting from the sewage flows. It showed that of the 63 respondents, 74 percent of businesses continued to be negatively impacted by the transboundary pollution and 66 percent saw a decrease in revenue due to the pollution and associated water contact closures. On September 9, 2025 (17), the Board directed the Chief Administrative Officer to implement an Economic Impact Study to assess the full scope of losses caused by the sewage crisis, including impacts to small businesses, declines in property values, and negative impacts on tourism.

The office of Economic Development and Government Affairs (EDGA) has contracted with ECONorthwest to conduct the Economic Impact Study and anticipates the study will be completed within calendar year 2026. Its findings will provide the Board and regional partners with a comprehensive assessment of economic losses and will help shape both near-term mitigation strategies and long-term recovery efforts. On May 21, 2026, a public survey was launched in English and Spanish to gather input from the community. By combining quantitative data with real world experiences, the study will be able show trend metrics alongside lived human impacts.

Advocacy Efforts

In 2020, the U.S. government, through the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, committed \$300 million in the United States-Mexico-Canada Agreement (USMCA); to carry out the planning, design, and construction of high priority treatment works in the Tijuana River watershed to address transboundary flow pollution. In 2022, language was secured in the final fiscal year 2023 appropriations legislation to deliver the \$300 million to the International Boundary and Water Commission (IBWC) to address needed repairs at the South Bay International Wastewater Treatment Plant (SBIWTP). However, it was later learned that before repairs to SBIWTP could be made, additional funding is needed to pay for deferred maintenance.

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During the fiscal year 2024 federal appropriations cycle, the County and our Congressional delegation requested an additional \$310 million to fully fund repairs to SBIWTP. Final fiscal year 2024 Appropriations Legislation awarded the IBWC \$220.85 million in funding with \$156 of that million designated for the IBWC Construction Account. It is anticipated that \$103 million of that will go towards repairs at SBIWTP. While the additional funding was good news, the County and our Congressional Delegation continued to request additional funding as more than \$200 million was still needed to fully fund repairs at SBIWTP. On December 21, 2024, a Continuing Resolution was passed by Congress and signed into law to fund the federal government at current levels through March 14, 2025, and included \$250 million to fully fund critical upgrades to SBIWTP.

On March 7, 2025, the County formally supported House of Representatives Bill 1948, authored by Representative Scott Peters, which would allow the IBWC to accept funding from sources other than the federal government to support operations at SBIWTP. In addition, on May 7, 2025, following Board action, the County formally supported State Senate Bill 10, authored by Senator Steve Padilla, which would authorize the use of toll revenues collected at the State Route 11/Otay Mesa East Port of Entry international border crossing to assist in the maintenance of the SBIWTP sewage treatment facility and other sanitation infrastructure projects related to the Tijuana River.

On March 12, 2025, the County sent a letter to U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Administrator Lee Zeldin offering to continue our partnership with the EPA in addressing the transboundary water pollution in the Tijuana River Valley and to emphasize that the County remains ready and willing to provide the necessary expertise to the EPA to facilitate initial planning and future projects. On April 22, 2025, Administrator Zeldin traveled to San Diego to survey the Tijuana River Valley crisis and tour SBIWTP.

On July 24, 2025, EPA Administrator Zeldin met with his Mexican counterparts in Mexico City to reach a new Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) to expedite necessary water infrastructure projects in both San Diego and Tijuana. The County continues to work with its Congressional delegation to analyze the implications as a result of this new MOU.

On August 4, 2025, following Board direction, the County sent letters to both President Trump and Governor Newsom requesting federal and state-level disaster declarations. The letters included academic publications and other impact studies supporting the need for additional resources to address the pollution crisis, as well as results from assessments conducted by the County and the U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).

On September 9, 2025 (18), the Board adopted a resolution requesting that the State Water Resources Control Board allocate Proposition 4 cross-border rivers funding to projects aimed at addressing the ongoing environmental and public health crises in the Tijuana River Valley. To support this effort, the County sent letters to the State Legislative Delegation and to the State Water Resources Control Board to advocate for the full allocation of \$50 million in Proposition 4 cross-border rivers funding be made available to the Tijuana River Valley.

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On September 30, 2025, the Board voted to advocate for a \$1.4 million allocation from the State Water Resources Control Board to the San Diego Regional Water Quality Control Board to support a two-year comprehensive sediment study of the Tijuana River Valley and Estuary. Following Board direction, the County sent a letter to the Chair of the State Water Board in October 2025 requesting the \$1.4 million allocation to fund the comprehensive contamination study, a critical component to the County's efforts to secure a Superfund designation from the EPA and provide sustained federal resources for the cleanup of toxic pollution in the area. A letter to the EPA was sent on December 12, 2025, requesting the agency's cooperation with the forthcoming soil study to reevaluate the environmental impacts of the sewage crisis. EDGA staff are in regular communication with our congressional delegation staff to advocate for additional funding to address the pollution in the forthcoming renegotiations for the United States-Mexico-Canada (USMCA) trade agreement.

On December 15, 2025, the EPA announced the signing of a new Minute 333 order between IBWC and Comisión Internacional de Límites y Aguas (CILA) to "permanently and urgently end the decades long-Tijuana River sewage crisis."

On January 13, 2026, the County finalized a contract with Best Best & Kreiger (BBK) to lead the County's Tijuana River Valley advocacy efforts in Washington, D.C. On January 21, 2026, EDGA and BBK held an initial kickoff meeting to begin coordination and development of federal advocacy strategies. EDGA and BBK continue to meet at a regular cadence to discuss future advocacy efforts.

On February 3, 2026, the House of Representatives passed the Consolidated Appropriations Act of 2026, which the U.S. Senate passed the week prior. The legislation included a request submitted by the County to Representative Juan Vargas for \$1 million in Congressionally Directed Spending project funding for Tijuana River Valley revitalization to be used for the removal of debris and other pollutants in the region.

On February 19, 2026, Governor Gavin Newsom signed into law Assembly Bill 107 (AB 107), which, among other things, exempts the Safe Drinking Water, Wildfire Prevention, Drought Preparedness, and Clean Air Bond Act of 2024, also known as Proposition 4, from the State Administrative Procedures Act (APA). The APA exemption, for Proposition 4 funding allocated in 2025, will accelerate the dedicated \$50 million in funding for Tijuana River Valley Watershed projects and New River Water Quality, Public Health, and River Parkway Development Program projects, to address urgent environmental and public health challenges. Earlier this year, the County sponsored Assembly Bill 35 (AB 35), authored by Assemblymember David Alvarez, which would exempt all Proposition 4 funds from the APA, thereby allowing the funding to be deployed more quickly and efficiently. Led by the County's efforts, AB 35 received significant support from more than 90 organizations and entities. Due to AB 35's success, language to exempt the \$50 million in funding for the Tijuana River and New River Watersheds was incorporated into

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AB 107, so the exemption could take effect immediately, highlighting the urgency of the Tijuana River Valley pollution crisis. Now that the exemption is in place, the County continues to advocate for up to \$50 million in Proposition 4 funding for projects in the Tijuana River Watershed.

In March 2026, the County submitted two congressional earmark funding requests related to the Tijuana River Valley. The first submission was a four-million-dollar request for the Long-Term Health Impact Study, and the second submission was a four-million-dollar request for the Saturn Boulevard hotspot culvert improvement. In April, Representatives Vargas and Peters included the earmark funding request for the Saturn Boulevard Hotspot in their list of projects. In May, Senators Schiff and Padilla included the Saturn Boulevard and Long-Term Health Study earmarks in their respective lists of submitted projects. Many steps remain in the congressional appropriations process and EDGA will continue to monitor and answer any questions from congressional partners as the process continues. Also in March 2026, following Board direction, the County sent letters to the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Administrator and the International Boundary and Water Commission (IBWC) Commissioner expressing support for the U.S.–Mexico MOU and IBWC Minute Orders 330 and 333.

On April 3, 2026, the White House released the President's Budget for FY 2027, outlining the administration's proposals for budgetary spending for the fiscal year beginning October 1, 2026. The President's Budget requests \$309.3 million for design and construction projects undertaken by the International Boundary and Water Commission (IBWC). This figure represents a substantial increase over the \$78 million enacted in FY 2026 for IBWC construction. The budget justification mentions the County by name, saying, "The 2027 request is necessary to continue progress on water quality projects including the expansion of the South Bay International Wastewater Treatment Plant (SBIWTP) in San Diego County, California."

While the IBWC Construction budget supports all the IBWC's construction projects along the U.S.-Mexico border, it is understood that a significant portion of the IBWC's appropriations in recent years have gone towards the SBIWTP project. Notably, this proposed increase comes within a budget request that otherwise proposes 30.4% decrease in State Department and Foreign Operations funding.

The President's Budget Request to Congress typically serves as the beginning of the annual federal budget conversation in Congress. However, being so clearly prioritized in the President's budget is significant.

On April 3, 2026, the County of San Diego forwarded the proclamation to the State and included a summary of recent County efforts and projects to mitigate the Tijuana River Valley pollution crisis, including but not limited to the Saturn Blvd hotspot feasibility study, AIRE purifier program enhancements, and an overview of pending epidemiological study and expanded Syndromic Surveillance efforts, an overview of data and regional actions taken in response to recent hydrogen sulfide spikes exceeding established California Air Resources Board public health thresholds, the

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United States EPA and United States Section of the IBWC Joint Record of Decision for the Final Programmatic Environmental Impact Statement, and academic publications. On April 22, 2026, the House Appropriations Subcommittee with jurisdiction over IBWC funding published their proposal to fund the agency at \$301.3 million for FY 27, which is significantly higher than previous budgets. On April 27, 2026, the County sent a letter to the leadership of both the House and Senate Appropriations Committees and the county's Congressional Delegation expressing support for the increased funding for IBWC (Attachment C).

On April 13, 2026, County staff accompanied staff from the Office of U.S. Senator Alex Padilla on a tour led by the County Department of Parks and Recreation of the Tijuana River Valley. The tour included an overview of the County's land in the region, as well as specific visits to areas of concern related to the transboundary pollution crisis, including the Saturn Boulevard hotspot.

Environmental Justice

On May 5, 2022, the County became the first federal and state-approved coastal county in the nation to begin using a new ddPCR testing method which is more accurate, precise, protective of public health, and enables same-day results information to be shared with the public which enables individuals to make their own decisions regarding their health and ocean water recreation. The crisis of transboundary sewage flows impacting south county beaches is not new. This new technology and improved ddPCR testing method is working and is providing us with more detailed, timely, higher quality data to help provide information to families, parents, visitors, and all individuals on a daily basis so they can make an informed decision for their own health and whether they should get in the ocean water or not. This also means that the County has data which presents impacts as far north as the Coronado shoreline and data that shows the south county environmental justice communities as being disproportionately impacted due to the proximity to the source that has resulted in restricting ocean access to residents, tourists, government activities for the U.S. Navy and Customs and Border Protection, and particularly hurt youth recreational activities and the businesses community that depends on anyone enjoying safe and healthy beaches.

LINKAGE TO THE COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO STRATEGIC PLAN

Today's proposed actions support Sustainability and Equity initiatives in the County's 2026-31 Strategic Plan by combatting environmental justice, health, and economic issues resulting from the decades long transboundary pollution environmental crisis.

Respectfully submitted,



DAHVIA LYNCH

Deputy Chief Administrative Officer

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ATTACHMENT(S)

Attachment A- Basis of State Emergency

Attachment B- Proclamation of Local Emergency Transboundary Contamination

Attachment C- CoSD Letter Supporting Increased IBWC Funding- 04.27.26