CLERK OF THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS EXHIBIT/DOCUMENT LOG

MEETING DATE & AGENDA NO. 05/24/2022 #22

STAFF DOCUMENTS (Numerical)

No.	Presented by:	Description:
1	County Staff	Powerpoint
2		
3		
4		- y
	PUBLIC	DOCUMENTS (Alphabetical)
No.	Presented by:	Description:
A	NA	
В		
C	*	
D		
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F		
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May 24, 2022

ITEM #22

DEPUTY CHIEF ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER HOLLY PORTER
PUBLIC SAFETY GROUP **EXECUTIVE OFFICE**

DIRECTOR PREVENTION, DIVERSION & RE-ENTRY ANDREA PELLA
PUBLIC SAFETY GROUP **EXECUTIVE OFFICE**

SENIOR DIRECTOR, DATA SCIENCE DR. CINDY BURKE SANDAG



COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO

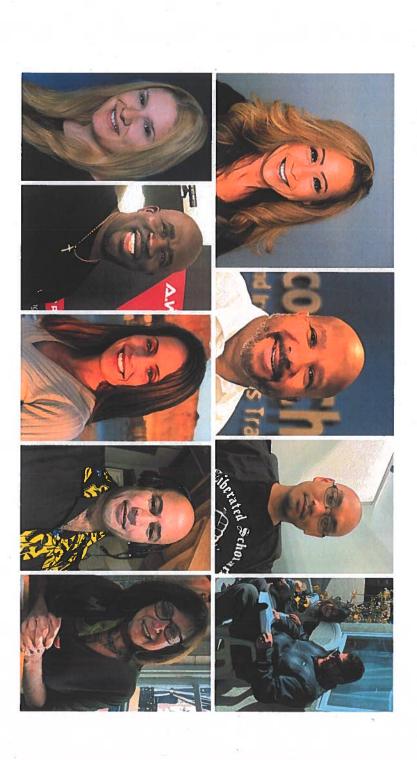


and Services, and Advancing Equity through Alternatives to Incarceration Data-Driven Approach to Protecting Public Safety, Improving and Expanding Rehabilitative Treatment

Initial Interim Report Overview

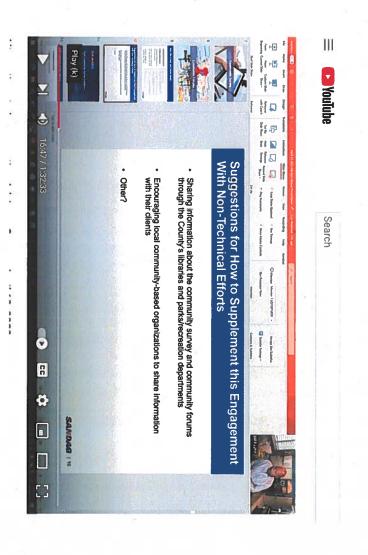
ATI Advisory Group Members

- Charlene Autolino
- Laila Aziz
- Lon Chhay
- Dr. Andrea Dauber-Griffin
- Manuel Enriquez
- Dr. Darwin Fishman
- Anthony Gonzales
- Betsy Jacobson
- Martin Leyva
- Niki Martinez
- Bill Payne
- Jackie Reed
- Wehstahnah Tucker
- Reginald Washington



Feedback Provided nitial ATI Advisory Group Meeting Held and

- First Advisory Group meeting held on ZOOM April 12, 2022, 4:00-5:30 p.m.
- Meeting was public
- Mecording available at www.SANDAG.org/ATIStudy
- Reviewed Community Survey, community engagement plan, and data included in the Initial Interim Report
- Assisted in pre-testing Community Survey
- Next Advisory Group meeting scheduled for May 26, 2022, 4:00-5:30
- ZOOM Link available at www.SANDAG.org/ATIStudy





Community Survey Engagement Plan

-Press Outreach , SANDAG Region Newsletter, and County Distribution

-Social Media

-Advisory & Working Group Assistance

-Outreach to detention facilities and Probation offices

-Outreach through County libraries and parks

-Snowballing distribution through other groups/organizations



SANDAG invites San Diego County residents to share their thoughts on the County's justice system and public safety. The anonymous survey includes questions about being the victim of a crime, being incarcerated, and how public safety efforts can

We want to hear your thoughts about public safety and alternatives to incarceration!

Survey Available: May 6-27, 2022



To participate and help improve local public safety, please scan this QR Code, visit SANDAG.org/ATIStudy or call (619) 595-1320.



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their thoughts on the
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Nos gustaría conocer su opinión sobre la seguridad pública y alternativas al encarcelamiento:

Encuesta Disponible:
del 6 al 27 de mayo de 2022



mejorar la seguridad pública local, por favor escanee este código QR, visite

SANDAG.org/ATIStudy o llame al (619) 595-1320.

Para participar y ayudar a

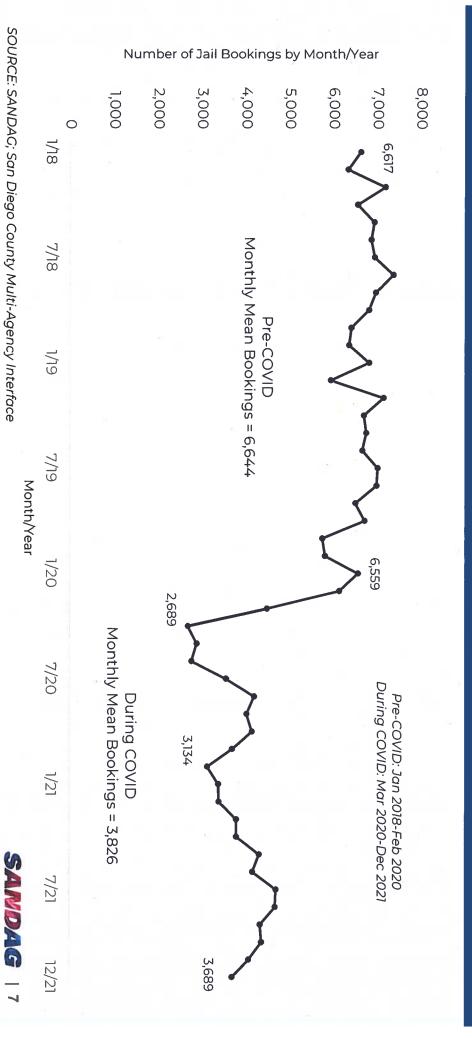


Research Questions

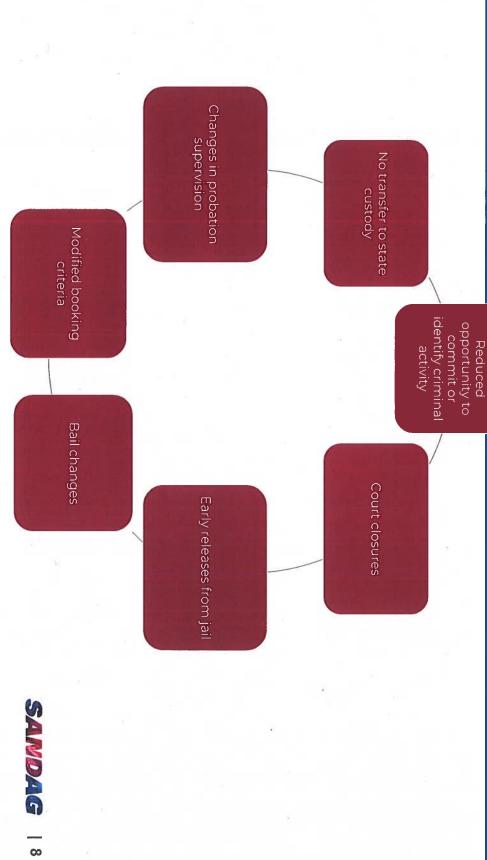
Answered	Answered with Proxy	Could Not be Answered
How bookings changed by charge level, charge type, & demographics	How jail population changed by proportions who were sentenced or unsentenced	Whether someone who was booked was sentenced or unsentenced or by race/ethnicity
How length of stay varied over time, by reason, & by race/ethnicity	Where individuals booked lived around the region	Length of stay by mental health status
Receipt of services prior to first tracked booking & by race*	Underlying need related to housing status, substance use, and mental health	
Policy drivers of decreased booking numbers		
Crime trends in San Diego County		
**/Ot approved in the Initial Interior Deposit hout will be fourth		



Jail Bookings Dropped by 42% Pre-COVID to During COVID



Primary Policy Drivers of Reduced Incarceration



COVID, but Unsentenced Felonies the Least All Population Types Decreased in Number During

Monthly Ave	rage Number of I Department De	Monthly Average Number of Individuals Housed Department Detention Facilities	d in Sheriff's
	Pre-COVID	During Covid	Percent Change
Felony	91% felonies	97% felonies	
Sentenced	2,339	1,249	-47%
Unsentenced	2,704	2,556	-5%
Misdemeanor			
Sentenced	275	33	-88%
Unsentenced	250	103	-59%

during COVID Variation in who was Booked Pre-COVID and



Greater proportion felonies

(46% to 59%)

Pre-COVID: Jan 2018-Feb 2020 During COVID: Mar 2020-Dec 2021

Greater proportion violent offenses

(23% to 32%)

Smaller proportion drug offenses (27% to 16%)

Smaller proportion warrants

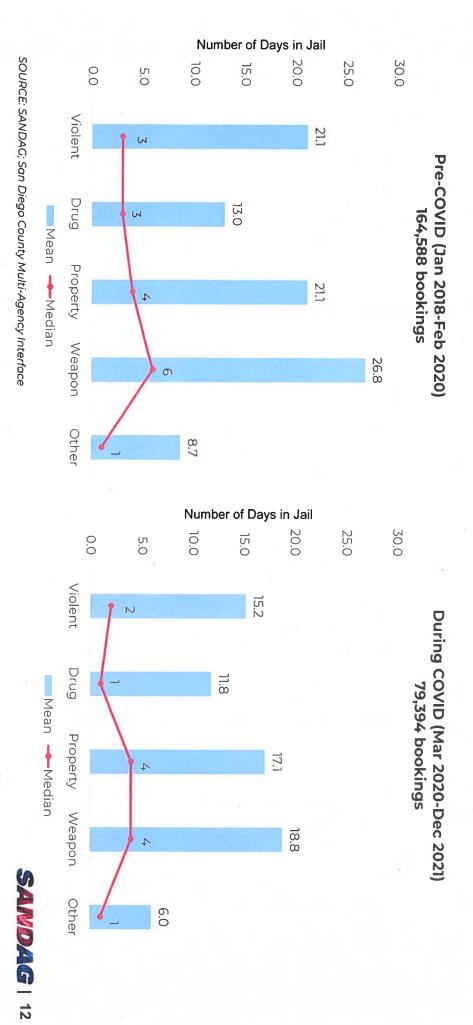
(29% to 21%)

SOURCE: SANDAG; San Diego County Multi-Agency Interface

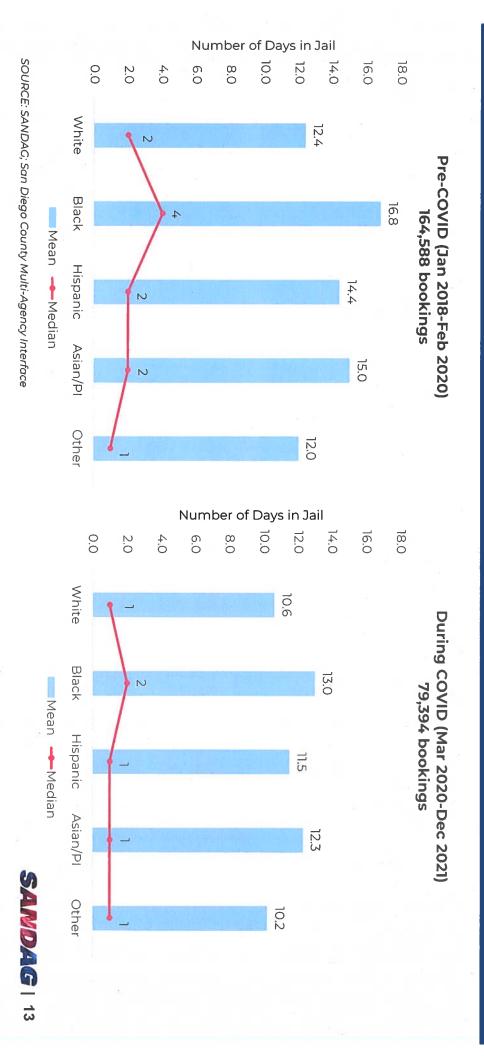
20 Charges Make Up Four-Fifths of All Bookings Pre-COVID (80%) and During COVID (78%)

Possession of drug paraphernalia DUI alcohol	Possession of controlled substance for sale	Possession of narcotic drug	Under the influence (5%/6%)	DUI alcohol/drugs (10%/12%)	drug (12%/2%)		Disorderly conduct involving drugs/alcohol (12%/13%)	Alcohol/Drug
Assault with force	Obstruct/resist police officer	Violate domestic violence order	weapon	Assault with a deadly	other (5%/7%)		Domestic violence (5%/9%)	Violent
					Vandalism over \$400	Vehicle theft	Burglary	Property
Bold indicates top 6 charges with the % Pre-COVID and During COVID shown					Probation violation	Violation of parole	Flash incarceration	Violations

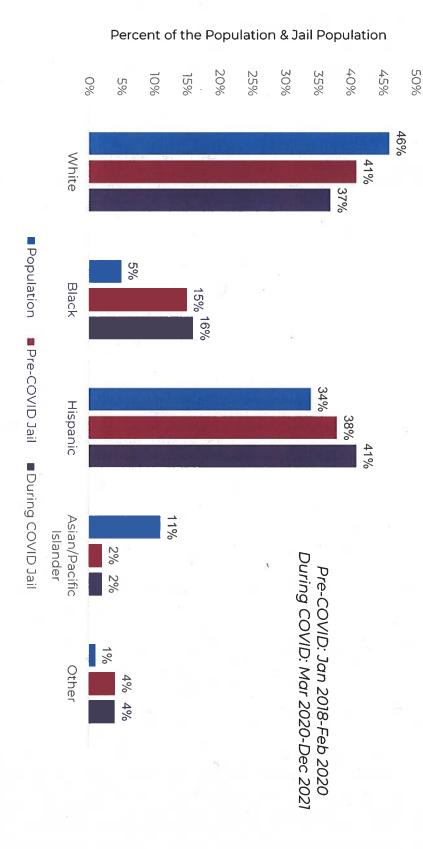
Mean Lengths of Stay Decreased Pre-COVID to **During COVID for all Booking Types**



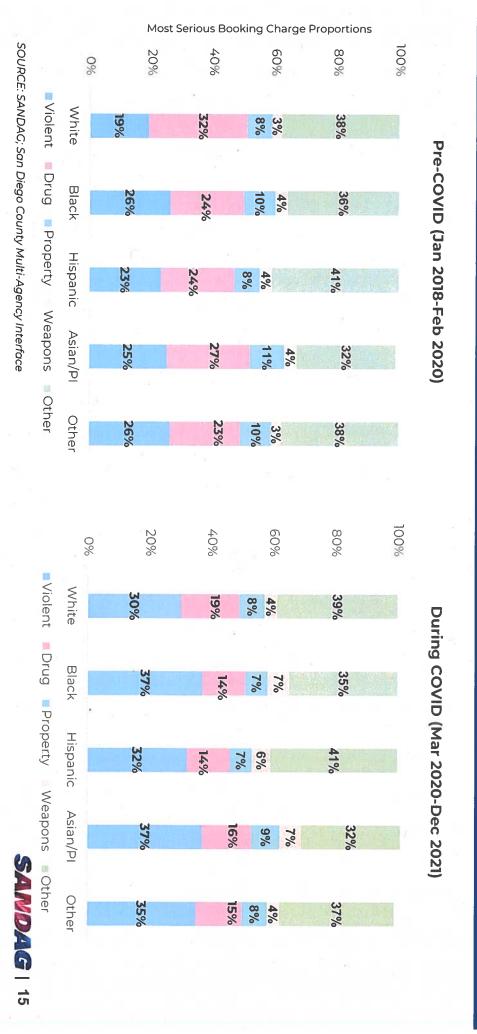
Average Lengths of Stay Varies by Race/Ethnicity



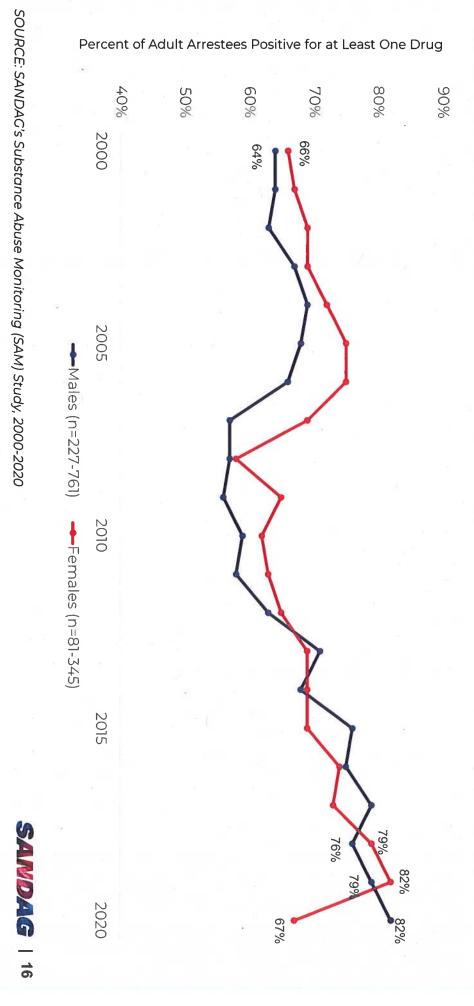
Variation by Race/Ethnicity



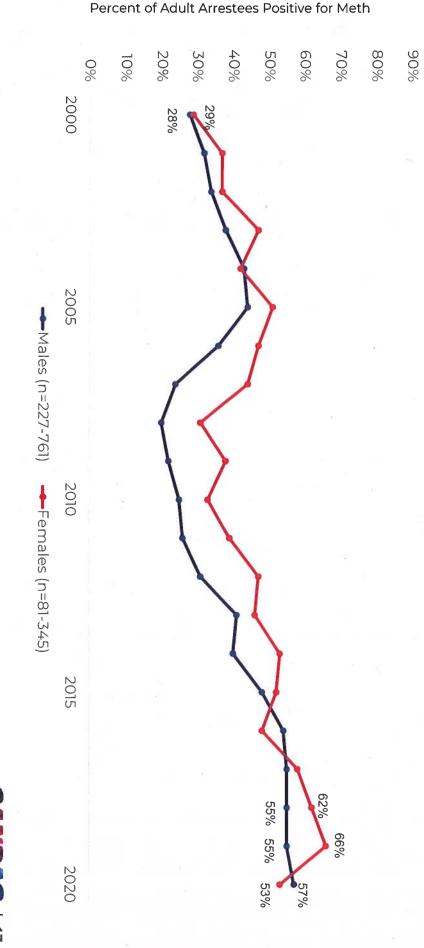
Across Groups and Pre-COVID to During COVID Highest Booking Charge by Race/Ethnicity Varies



at Least One Substance Most Individuals Booked into Jail Test Positive for

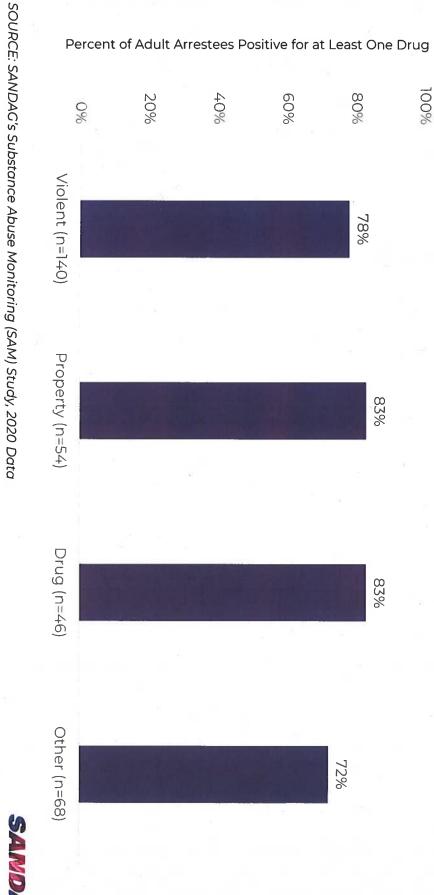


into San Diego County Jails Meth is Primary Drug Used by Individuals Booked

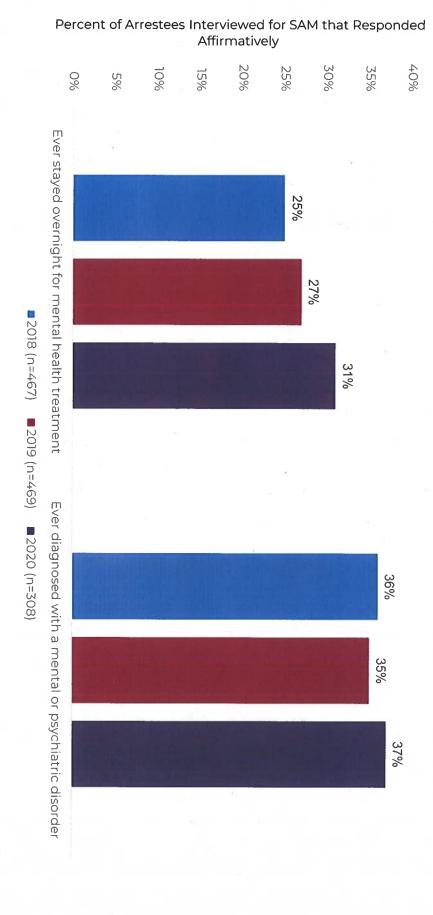




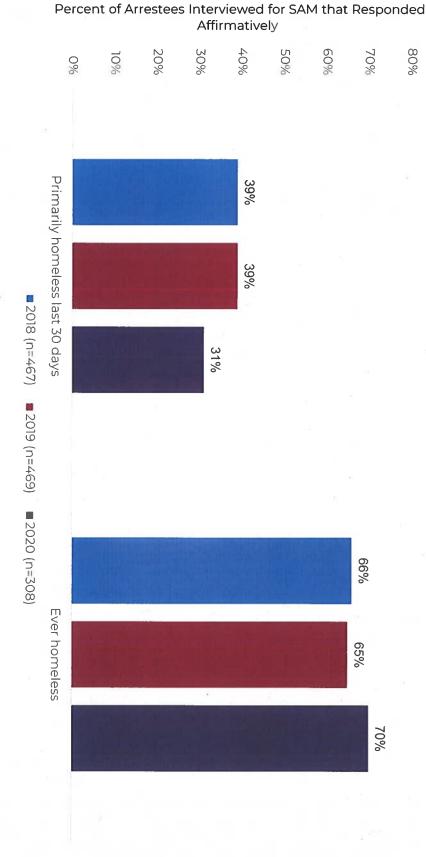
Highest Charge is Not a Predictor of Substance



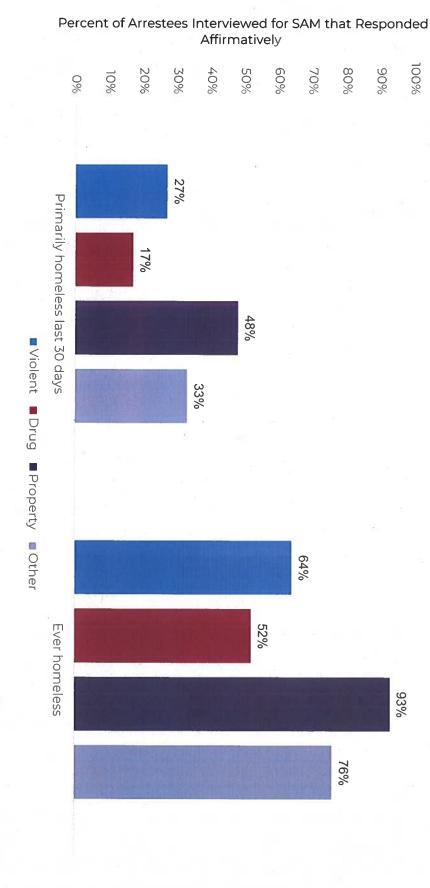
Around 1 in 3 Individuals Interviewed in Jail Report Some Type of Mental Health Issue



Recent and Historical Housing Instability for Some ncarcerated Individuals

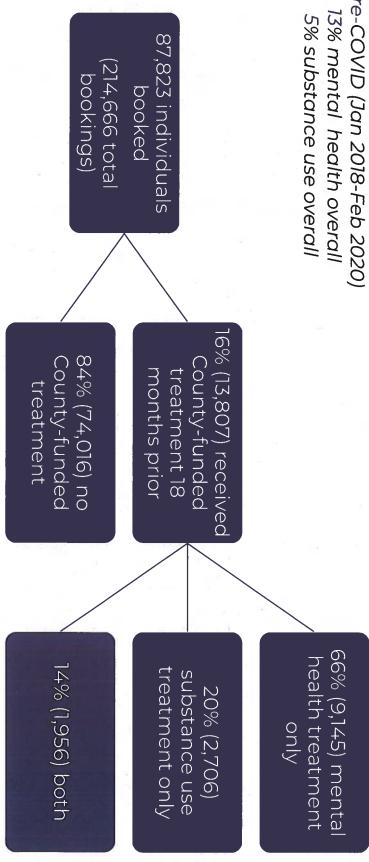


Individuals Booked for a Property Level Offense More Likely to Describe a History of Housing Instability



HHSA Services Pre-COVID Most Individuals Booked into Jail Have Not Received

Pre-COVID (Jan 2018-Feb 2020) 13% mental health overall 5% substance use overall 66% (9,145) mental health treatment only

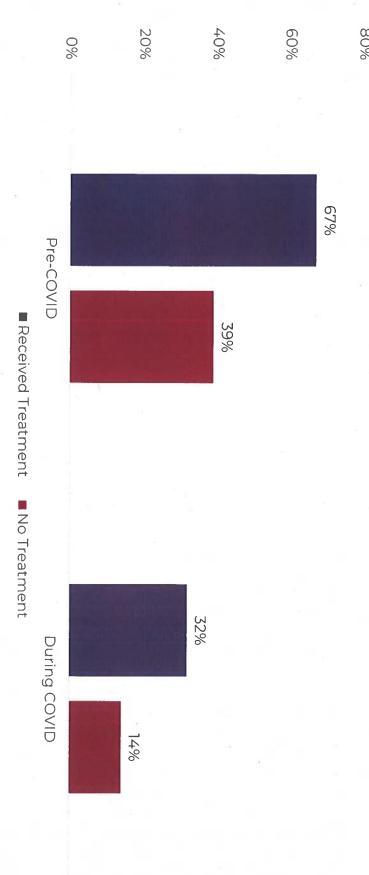


HHSA Services During COVID Most Individuals Booked into Jail Have Not Received

During COVID (Mar 2020-Dec 2021) 10% mental health overall 2% substance use overall 32,457 individuals (41,279 total bookings) booked 11% (3,729) received 89% (28,728) no County-funded County-funded months prior treatment 18 treatment 12% (456) substance use treatment only 79% (2,943) mental health treatment 9% (330) both only

Percent of Individuals with More Than One Booking 60% 80% 20% 40% 0%

Justice Contact Correlation Between Higher "Need" and Repeated



Take Aways

The median length of stay for individuals with a property crime did not decrease and more individuals with a property offense have history of housing instability	Most individuals are in jail for less than 3 days	At least 1 in 3 report some mental health issue	Almost 2 in 5 bookings include an alcohol or other drug related charge & majority of individuals booked have recently used a drug	Data
Explore if the length of detention for this population can be decreased and how to best meet housing needs of those who are face housing instability	Research best practices and programs for options to incarceration that would be more cost-effective		Explore opportunities to expand or implement programs to better address underlying needs	Take Away

Take Aways

Data	Take Away
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Most individuals who are incarcerated are there because of a felony and not a	Regardless of alternatives to incarceration for low level offenders, part of continued reform needs to
misdemeanor	
Challenges obtaining valid and reliable	Answer questions with available data, make
	and work with the County on goals and timelines
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Next Steps

community summarize Analyze & surveys

> community forums Hold

information practices & Compile on best policies

data on need with MAI data & seek enforcement contact data availability & gap analysis Document conduct regional service

Match law

cost study data and conduct Compile

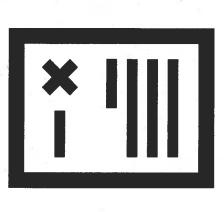
Next return to present to the Board of Supervisors October 25, 2022

Stay Connected

- Explore our website SANDAG.org/ATIStudy
- Follow us on social media: @SANDAGregion @SANDAG
- Email: ATIStudy@sandag.org



Contract Amendment



- Add 20% capacity increase to the County's Behavioral Health Court Diversion program
- Behavioral Health Court is an 18 month collaborative court program providing intensive treatment, supervision and housing supports for the justice involved who suffer from mental illness
- Increased capacity will serve new population of clients found incompetent to stand trial
- Criminal behavior linked to their mental illness

Can be safely and effectively supported w/ community treatment

2 tracks, BHC probation and BHC diversion

Recommendations

- Receive SANDAG's Initial Interim Report on Data-Driven Alternatives to Incarceration.
- Receive a presentation from SANDAG.
- by one year for a total contract amount of \$4,180,000 for the term period of, July 15, 2020 thru June 30, 2024, Authorize the Deputy Chief Administrative Officer (DCAO), Public Safety Group, to amend the contract with funding level including any extensions, amendments or revisions thereto, that do not materially impact either the program or for a Pre-Trial Felony Mental Health Diversion Program and to execute all required contract documents, the Department of State Hospitals (DSH) to increase the grant amount by \$852,000 and extend the contract term
- Waive Board Policy B-29, Fees, Grants, Revenue Contracts Department Responsibility for Cost Recovery, which requires docketing revenue contracts at least 60 days prior to the effective date of the contract.







